MARQUETTE FIRE DEPARTMENT



CODE ENFORCEMENT DIVISION 418 South Third St. Marquette, MI 49855 fire@marquettemi.gov



Fire Chief Ian Davis Fire Marshal Thomas Dunleavy Rental Inspector Brian Anderson Administrative Assistant
Teresa Locknane

Dear Marquette Rental Property Owner and/or Operator,

In 2004 the Rental Fire Safety Code Ordinance was adopted by the City of Marquette. This ordinance is designed to promote the maintenance of sanitary and safe rental structures, as well as enhance and maintain property values. City Code, Chapter 26, Article III-Rental Fire Safety Code requires all rental dwelling units to be registered, inspected and certified with the City of Marquette. Any structure or dwelling unit that is occupied by persons other than the property owner, pursuant to any oral or written rental or lease agreement or other valuable compensation, is considered a rental dwelling unit.

Registration and compliance certificates are not transferrable.

New long-term rentals (30 days or more) must be registered prior to any occupancy.

<u>Currently rented long-term rentals</u> that change ownership, must be registered by the new owner within 30 days of purchase.

<u>Short-term rentals</u> (less than 30 days) **REGISTRATION IS SUBJECT TO AVAILABILITY** Properties must be registered, approved, inspected and certified prior to advertising or use as a short-term rental. Proximity and availability restrictions apply for all short-term rentals. Contact the Marquette City Fire Department at 906-225-8596 to check availability.

Submit all required items (listed on the application) to the Marquette Fire Department, 418 S. Third St., Marquette, MI 49855. Make checks or money orders payable to: City of Marquette. (This information is available on our website: https://www.marquettemi.gov/departments/fire/inspections

Please note: Registration fees are required once per owner. If ownership of the property changes, or a change of rental category occurs (from long-term rental to short-term, or vice versa) a new rental application and applicable registration fee is required. Fees for compliance inspections are based on an hourly rate structure and are billed after inspection. Registration and inspection fees are not refundable.

Be advised that failure to register or pay fees may result in civil infraction citation and possible eviction of tenants. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact the Rental Program Department at one of the numbers listed below.

Thank you,

Ian Davis, Fire Chief

Registration Requirements/Forms or to verify if a property is registered or certified contact: Administrative Assistant Teresa Locknane – (906) 225-8596 or tlocknane@marquettemi.gov

Inspection or Life Safety Compliance contact:

Rental Inspector Brian Anderson - (906) 225-8999 or banderson@marquettemi.gov



KEY POINTS CITY OF MARQUETTE RENTAL FIRE SAFETY CODE



The following are some of the main points contained within the rental code. It is your responsibility to read the entire code to understand your responsibilities as a rental property owner/operator in the City of Marquette. The code in its entirety may be viewed on the City of Marquette's website: www.marquettemi.gov or by requesting a copy from the Marquette City Fire Department.

Copies of the International Property Maintenance Code and NFPA1 and NFPA 101: Life Safety Code may be viewed at the Peter White Library, the City Fire Department, or the City Clerk's office. Those codes are governing documents of the City Ordinance.

- All dwellings fully or partially let for rent or used for tenant purposes must be registered. Registration is one time only <u>or</u> when the property is transacted to new ownership <u>or</u> when the rental category changes to short-term rental from long-term rental. Registration forms are available online or may be mailed on request.
- New long-term rentals must be registered prior to tenants occupying the property or be subject to citation.
- Currently rented long-term rentals that change ownership must be registered by the new owner within 30 days of purchase or be subject to citation.
- Short-term rentals may not be advertised or rented until registered, approved through all departments, inspected and certified. Any advertising or use prior to certificate is subject to citation(s) per occurrence.
- If an owner of a rental property resides outside of Marquette County, a local operator <u>must</u> be appointed to serve as a contact person. The property owner is responsible to update this information with the Marquette Fire Department within 30 days of any change.
- Certificates are NOT transferrable. When ownership changes the new owner must register the property. Currently rented long-term rentals (30 days or more) that change ownership must be registered within 30 days of purchase. Short-term rentals (less than 30 days) may not continue short-term advertising or use once ownership changes. The new owner must verify that they are eligible to register as a short-term rental and complete the registration, approval, inspection and certification process prior to any advertising or use.

(Continued \rightarrow)

- Once the registration application is approved through all departments, and passes a mandatory compliance inspection, a rental compliance certificate will be issued. Renewal inspections will be completed on a three-year cyclical basis. Fees for compliance inspections are billed on an hourly rate structure.
- The rental compliance certificate must be posted in either the common area of multi-family dwellings or in the private entrance of the dwelling unit.
- All short-term rental specifics are listed in Chapter 26 of the City Code, Section 26-51. Eligibility is not a guarantee of approval.
- Availability and proximity restrictions apply for all short-term rentals. City Code allows a maximum of 250 approved short-term rental properties. A waiting list is utilized to fill any vacant spots. A short-term rental waiting list form must be submitted to have your property placed on the waiting list. The form can be obtained at www.marquettemi.gov/departments/fire/inspections or by calling 906-225-8596.
- Short-term rentals must comply with capacity restrictions and post an evacuation map in each bedroom as required by the Rental Fire Safety Code. Capacity violations will be subject to a \$1,000 Civil Infraction Citation. (See the attached capacity information and evacuation map forms)
- Failure to register or failure to comply with fire, life safety, or property
 maintenance codes will be subject to Civil Infraction Citation and possible
 eviction of tenants.
- There is an appeals procedure for non-compliant situations that can be viewed in section 26-53 of the Rental Fire Safety Code.

If you have questions or require assistance, please contact:

Rental Registration:

Administrative Asst. Teresa Locknane- (906) 225-8596 or tlocknane@marquettemi.gov

Inspection or Life Safety Compliance:

Rental Inspector Brian Anderson- (906) 225-8999 or banderson@marquettemi.gov

Rental Parking/Zoning Requirements:

Zoning Official Andrea Landers – (906) 228-0425 or alanders@marquettemi.gov

To determine how using your property as a rental property may affect your property taxes contact the Assessing department at (906) 225-8379.





City of Marquette Short-term Rental Waiting List Request

1	ROUL	
17		1
1	The second)•)
13	Cornel	/

General 1. Property address	s:	_	2. Number	of dwelling	units:
3. Property Owners	ship Name:				<u> </u>
4. Contact Person	(if ownership is an LLC/Business/Trust	t, etc)			
5. Contact Address	::	_ 6.City:	7.State	e: 8	Zip:
9. Phone (home):_		_10.Cell:			
11.Email:	<u></u> .		<u> </u>		
parcel number and not an application a email listed above a derstand that any s	roperty be placed on the short-term repower listed and that only one request and should an opportunity to apply becamed that I will need to submit a compleshort-term advertising or use of this programs.	t may be file ome availal te applicatio perty is pro	ed per parcel number. Die, I will be contacted on and meet all require hibited and subject to c	I also under at the addre ments to be citation.	ess, phone, or approved. I un-
	/ner(s) (required):				
	Marquette City Fire DeptRental Pro		· ·	e, MI 4985	5
	ct: Teresa Locknane, Admin. Assis	tant 906-22	?5-8596 —————————		_ ·
Fire Department	Date Received:		_ Time:	Initials:	
	Ownership matches applicant: YES	NO	Placed on Waiting Lis	st: YES	NO
OFFICE USE ONL	Y				

City of Marquette Rental Registration Application

If you have any questions regarding items 1 thru 6 please contact the Community Development Office at (906) 228-0425.

General 1 Property address:	2. Number of dwelling units:
r — —	
3. Parcel number:	4. Year structure became a rental:
5. Are any of the units owner occ	upied: YES NO Unit Address:
6. Please list which rental type ea	ach unit is/will be rented as:
and 123 1/2 Smith St. for the other, I	list unit A & B separately along with their rental types, or if the address is 123 Smith St. for one unit st them individually along with their rental types. If more than four units please write in the adthe form or attach an additional page)
Unit Address:	Long-term *Short-term (Subject to availability) VACATION /HOMESTAY
Unit Address:	Long-term *Short-term (Subject to availability) VACATION /HOMESTAY
Unit Address:	Long-term *Short-term (Subject to availability) VACATION /HOMESTAY
Unit Address:	Long-term *Short-term (Subject to availability) VACATION /HOMESTAY
*Registering your parcel as a s	hort-term or long-term rental <u>may</u> have an impact on property taxes. If you have all information, please contact the assessing office <i>before</i> registering. 225-8379
Owner	
7. Owner(s) Name:	
8. Address:	9.City: 10. State:11. Zip:
12. Phone (home):	13. Cell:
14. Work:	15. Email:
16. Signature of owner(s)(required):17.Date:
Local Operator (If not Owne	r) A local operator is required if the owner lives outside of Marquette County.
18. Name of Operator:	
19. Address:	20.City:21. State:22. Zip:
23. Phone (home):	24. Cell:
25. Work:	26. Email:
27. Signature of operator:	
Organization 29. Type of Entity: Corporation Circle one	Fraternity Sorority Partnership Trust Cooperative LLC Other
30. Name of Entity:	31. Corporate ID #: 32. State issued:

City of Marquette Rental Registration Application

33. Additional Information:		
	<u> </u>	
Registration Fees Registration fees are on a one time short-term on any units on a propert	basis per owner. If ownersh y, a new registration is requi	ip changes or rental type changes from long-term to red.
Fee for a property with only (Make checks/money orders pay		
certification. City Code allows for lized to fill spots that become ava	r a maximum of 250 approv ilable. To obtain a waiting tment at 906-225-8596 or v	registration, application approval, inspection and ved short-term rental properties. A waiting list is utigist request form to submit for your property, conwww.marquettemi.gov/departments/fire/inspections
Registration fees are not ref	undable.	
owner will be contacted by the inspectompleted every three (3) years. Or ance inspection. Checklist: Registration application	ector to schedule the inspecti wner or owner's local operate	These fees will be billed after the inspection. The ion once the application is approved. Inspections are or must accompany the Fire Inspector during the complication and will not be processed until all required
information is received.		
Rental Registration Applicat	ion	
Rental Parking Plot Plan (In-	complete diagrams will not b	e accepted- see the attached sample)
Copy of the owner's driver's	license or government issue	ed photo ID (required)
Copy of the local operator's	driver's license or governme	ent issued photo ID
Registration Payment (Make	checks payable to CITY	OF MARQUETTE)
Return: Mail or deliver application	to: Marquette City Fire De 418 S. Third St., Marq	partment., Attn: Rental Program, uette, MI 49855
Fire Department	Financial Services	Community Development
Date received:	Date received:	Date received: Zoning Approval: Yes No
Forms Complete:	Current taxes paid: Yes No	Comments:
Application: Yes No	DLQ taxes at County: Yes No Accounts Receivable: Yes No	
Copy of DL: Yes No Payment	Accounts Receivable: Yes No Past due utility bills: Yes No	
Check/MO # Cash Amt	DLQ Personal Property Yes No	
Rental Type:	Fwd. to C.D.	
i itolitai i ypo.	ll .	
LTST-HSST-VAC	Date/initial:	
LTST-HSST-VAC	ll .	PRE:% Sent to Assessing:

Rental Parking Plot Plan

Please turn over for the sample plot plan, provided for guidance. Please note, an incomplete plot plan will delay zoning review until the required information is provided.

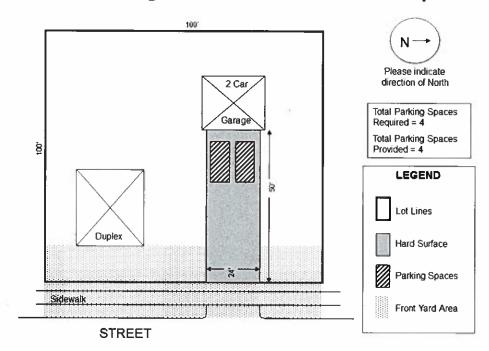
Please indicate direction of North
Total Parking Spaces Required =
Total Parking Spaces Provided =
Number of Rental Units =
Number of Renters Per Units =

Please provide a site plan for all off-street parking spaces.

- Show and label property lines.
- Show and label structures.
- Show driveway location and dimensions.
- Mark off-street parking spaces for vehicles.
- Indicate North.

If you have any questions please contact the Community Development Department at (906) 225-8380 or e-mail zoning@marquettemi.gov.

Sample Rental Parking Plot Plan and Land Development Code Info



Residential Parking Space Requirements

	Land Use	Minimum Parking Requirement
(A) I	Residential and Lodging	
	1) Single-Family and Two-Family units	Two (2) spaces per dwelling unit, except the M-U and CBD zoning districts require 1.125 spaces per dwelling unit. For parking spaces provided for residential dwelling units off-site, one (1) space per dwelling unit may be permitted off-site if proof of a lease arrangement for long-term parking is provided to the City with the application.
	 Multiple-Family units with 3 or 4 dwelling units 	One and a half (1.5) spaces per dwelling unit, except the M-U and CBD zoning districts require 1.125 spaces per dwelling unit.
	3) Multiple-Family units with 5 or more dwelling units	One and a half (1.5) spaces per dwelling unit, except the M-U and CBD zoning districts require 1.125 spaces per dwelling unit.
(10) Short-Term Rentals (Homestays and Vacation Homes)	One (1) space per dwelling unit.

NOTE: If you want to draw your site plan on an aerial photo, it may be obtained from the Community Development Department located at 1100 Wright Street or you can e-mail a request to zoning@marquettemi.gov.

Excerpt from the City of Marquette Land Development Code

Article 9: Parking Loading, and Access Management

- (E) Parking Standards Applicable to Specific Zoning Districts.
 - (1) LDR and MDR Districts.
 - (a) Definition of "Front Area." For the purposes of <u>Section 54.902(E)(1)</u> only, the "Front Area" is that area located between the edge of the physical street and the nearest point of the dwelling foundation (excluding open porch projections), projected parallel from the street.
 - (b) Off-Site Parking in the LDR and MDR Districts. In the LDR and MDR districts, off-street parking may be located on a site other than the site to which it pertains, and within the City limits or in an adjacent township.
 - (c) Maximum Rear Yard Paving. In the LDR and MDR districts, no more than 25% of the rear yard may be paved for parking provided the impervious surface coverage limits of the lot (see Article 4) are not exceeded.
 - (d) "Front Area" Parking Limitations. Parking in the front area is permitted only on an approved hard surface parking space and/or driveway, or in a garage (see definition of "Hard Parking Surface" in Section 54.202(A)(90). Driveways must be separated from the side lot line by a minimum of 12 inches of unpaved land to ensure a buffer between driveways and the adjacent lot line. Parking spaces in the front yard area must be at least two (2) feet from the side lot line, at least two (2) feet from the inside edge of a sidewalk, and at least ten (10) feet from the edge of an established street. The encroaching driveways and parking spaces must be drained so as to dispose of all surface water accumulated in such a way as to preclude drainage of water onto adjacent property or toward adjacent buildings. The Zoning Administrator may permit parking in a front area during the winter parking ban period for single-family or duplex dwelling units upon request for a Front Yard Parking Waiver for a limited time when the site cannot be altered without causing a hardship on the property owner, or indefinitely in rare cases that the site cannot be reasonably altered to create one (1) additional parking space or a widened driveway. Self-created difficulties, such as adding renters and vehicles, are not applicable to the consideration for a Front Yard Parking Waiver.
 - (e) Maximum Driveway Width and Paved Area. The maximum width of a driveway is 18 feet wide on a lot up to and including 50 feet in width and 24 feet wide on a lot 100 or more feet in width. The width of driveways on lot widths between 50 and 100 feet are prorated accordingly. A driveway may be widened beginning at a point two (2) feet from the inside edge of a sidewalk or ten (10) feet from the edge of an established street without sidewalks, provided the hard parking surface areas of the driveway or driveways and parking spaces utilize no more than 30% of the front area. An application for the paving of more than 30% of the front area can only be

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accepted if a variance is first approved for the proposed paving pursuant to <u>Section 54.1404</u>. On corner lots, there shall be two (2) front areas. The overlapped area at the corner may be counted with either front area, but not both, at the discretion of the property owner. The two (2) front areas may not be combined for the purpose of exceeding the 30% maximum hard parking surface within either front area.

- (f) Maximum Number of Driveway Openings Per Site. On lots with one (1) frontage, a maximum of two (2) driveway openings per site are permitted, provided the lot is at least 100 feet wide. On lots with more than one (1) frontage, a maximum of one (1) driveway opening per frontage is permitted. All curb cuts and separation distances must meet the requirements of Chapter 42 of the Code of Ordinances (Streets, Sidewalks, and Other Public Places).
- (g) Previously Approved Hard Parking Surface Residential Locations. Hard parking surface residential parking locations approved under a previous ordinance are not subject to provisions of <u>Section 54.902(E)(1)</u> provided that the minimum safeguards are met for all parking uses where vision hazards and locations impact public safety.
- (h) Application of Parking Development Standards. All one- and two-family residential parking spaces shall be exempt from the standards of <u>Section 54.905</u>, except that site plans drawn to scale shall be submitted to the Zoning Administrator for review and approval for creation of driveways or parking spaces. Parking spaces may be on pavers or other hard parking surfaces that have an unpaved strip between the surfaces supporting the wheels. Driveways in the front yard must be a full-width hard parking surface. Curb cut and driveway permits shall be obtained from the City Engineer when curb cuts are made or modified or if there is any work in the right-of-way for a driveway.

(2) MFR District.

- (a) Off-Street Parking in the MFR District. In the MFR District, the required off-street parking shall be located on the same site as the use to which it pertains unless off-site parking is approved pursuant to <u>Section 54.902(E)(5)</u>.
- (b) Additional Requirements. See additional requirements of <u>Section 54.902(E)(5)</u>.
- (3) M-U District. In the M-U District, parking in the front yard is prohibited except that a single row of parking (perpendicular, angled, or parallel) may be located in the front yard, provided the landscaping requirements are met for street trees (<u>Section 54.1003(A)</u>), frontage landscaping (<u>Section 54.1003(B)</u>), and parking lot landscaping (<u>Section 54.1003(C)</u>). The depth of the parking spaces and width of the aisle shall not be larger than the minimum dimensional requirements of <u>Figure 45</u> and <u>Figure 46</u>. The required off-street parking shall be located on the same site as the use to which it pertains unless off-site parking is approved pursuant to also <u>Section 54.902(E)(5)</u>.
- (4) GC District. In the GC District, parking in the front yard is prohibited except that a double row of parking (perpendicular, angled, or parallel) may be located in the front yard, provided the landscaping requirements are met for street trees (<u>Section 54.1003(A)</u>),

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frontage landscaping ($\underline{Section~54.1003(B)}$), and parking lot landscaping ($\underline{Section~54.1003(C)}$). The depth of the parking spaces and width of the aisle shall not be larger than the minimum dimensional requirements of $\underline{Figure~45}$ and $\underline{Figure~46}$. See also $\underline{Section~54.902(E)(5)}$.

- (5) Non-LDR and Non-MDR Districts. In all districts except the LDR and MDR districts, the following requirements apply:
 - (a) Parking Lot Location and Off-Site Parking. Parking must be located within 2,000 feet of the lot on which the use is located measured from lot corner along a street or streets. If the use is located in a building the distance shall be measured along streets from the nearest point of the building to the nearest corner of the lot on which the parking is located.
 - (b) Site Plan Review of Off-Site Parking. In all districts, except residential, where offstreet parking is located on a lot other than the lot occupied by the use which requires it, site plan approval for both lots is required.
- (6) CBD.
 - (a) Front Yard Parking Prohibited. In the CBD, parking in the front yard is prohibited.
 - (b) Parking Space Requirements. Parking space requirements for principal uses in the CBD apply only to residential uses, and all other principal uses in the CBD are exempt from parking space requirements. Special land uses, except outdoor food and beverage service, must meet minimum parking requirements unless modified in accordance with this Article.
 - (c) Additional Requirements. See also Section 54.902(E)(5).
- (F) Compliance with All Parking Requirements of this Article. The parking requirements of this Article must be met when one (1) or more of the following takes place. Depending on the scope of work, the approving authority will be the Zoning Administrator or the Planning Commission as stated in <u>Article 14</u>:
 - (1) At the time of construction of any new building or structure, or at the time of commencement of use of any land.
 - (2) If any alterations are made to a building or structure which would require additional parking.
 - (3) If the use of any building, structure, of land is altered in a manner that would require additional parking.

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RENTAL INSPECTION COMPLIANCE TIP SHEET



- Smoke Detectors are required in the following areas:
 - A smoke detector in each bedroom.
 - B. A smoke detector in the basement.
 - C. A smoke detector installed outside the bedroom area.
 - D. At least one smoke detector per floor.

If installing a smoke detector on a wall is unavoidable, the detector should be no less than 4 inches and no more than 12 inches from the ceiling. Smoke detectors shall be installed no closer than 10 feet from a cooking appliance. Locating smoke detectors too close to kitchens and bathrooms (smoke and steam) may cause nuisance alarm. There are smoke detectors available that contain interrupt buttons that may deactivate the detectors for a temporary period of time.

- 2. Make sure the bedroom windows that serve as a second means of emergency egress are easily operable. This includes storm windows. Older homes with wooden or non-operable storm windows can be hinged, latched, or made to be opened horizontally. Windows must be not less than 20 inches wide, not less than 24 inches in height, and not more than 44 inches from the sill to the floor. New egress windows must be a minimum of 5.7 square feet (any configuration) and not more than 44" from the sill to the floor.
- 3. We recommend that you do not attempt to make attic or basement spaces habitable until you consult with the Fire Department. Both of the above spaces were rarely designed for habitation, and in most cases, are not suitable for habitation unless modified in some cases extensively. You may request a courtesy inspection of your property to determine if these spaces could be modified to meet compliance by contacting the Fire Marshal at (906) 225-8941.
- 4. Short-term rentals (vacation & homestay) require an evacuation map placed in each bedroom. (See the Evacuation Map Page for information and sample map)
- 5. Short-term rentals (vacation & homestay) have capacity requirements. (See the Bedroom Capacity for Short-term Rentals page) Over-capacity violations are subject to \$1,000 citation.

These tips are general. Various properties may require different compliance items. If you have questions, please call the Marquette Fire Department at (906-225-8999) Rental Inspector or (906) 225-8941 Fire Marshal.

The governing documents of the Rental Fire Safety Code (City Code, Chapter 26, Article III) are the current International Property Maintenance Code and the current NFPA 1 Fire Code and NFPA 101: Life Safety Code. These codes may be viewed at the Peter White Public Library, the Marquette City Clerk's Office at City Hall or the Marquette City Fire Department, 418 S. Third St., Marquette, MI

To purchase you own copy, contact:

NFPA 1 Fire Code NFPA Life Safety Code 101 11 Tracy Drive Avon, MA 02322-99081 (800) 344-3555

International Property Maintenance Code ICC Distribution Center 4051 West Flossmoor Road Country Club Hill, IL 60478-5795 (800) 214-4321



INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE CODE BEDROOM CAPACITY FOR SHORT-TERM RENTALS



Over-capacity situations pose a life safety risk to tenants. Over-capacity advertising and/or use is subject to citation and carries a fine of \$1,000 per occurrence.

Occupant means any person, regardless of age or size. (Example: if the approved capacity is determined to be two occupants/tenants, this means two total, regardless of age or size).

IPMC-404.4.1 Every bedroom shall contain not less than 70 square feet of floor area and every bedroom occupied by more than one person shall contain not less than 50 square feet of floor area for each occupant thereof.

Only dedicated, compliant bedroom spaces will be used in determining capacity and must meet the following requirements:

The room shall be not less than 7' in any one direction.

The ceiling shall be at least 7' high over 1/3 of the room's total floor area.

Only spaces with a ceiling height of 5' or over will be considered as 1/3 of the total floor area.

How to figure short-term rental capacity: Bedroom square feet divided by 50. (Length x Width) / 50= Capacity for an individual bedroom.

Add the figured capacity for each bedroom to reach the dwelling unit's total capacity.

Note: If the total square footage is 99 or under (but over 70), the rooms capacity=1 If the total square footage is under 70, the capacity = $\mathbf{0}$



EMERGENCY EVACUATION MAP MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR SHORT-TERM RENTALS

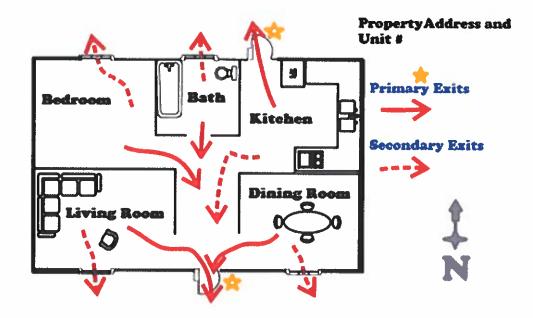


It shall be the responsibility of the property owner to create a legible escape plan showing primary and secondary exits. All escape plans shall e approved by the rental inspector at the time of the compliance inspection. The plan shall be posted in each bedroom of the short-term rental unit, where it is easily visible.

(City Code Chapter 26, Article III, Section 25-51 (d) 1 &2)

- 1. Minimum map size 8 1/2" x 11"
- 2. Include Property Address
- 3. Include North Arrow
- 4. Show the basic floor plan of the unit with room names and arrows showing the path of primary and secondary travel to each unit. Map can be hand drawn as long as information is clear and legible.
- 5. Print on map: "In case of emergency dial 9-1-1"
- 6. Display map in prominent and visible location inside of each bedroom

Sample:



10/01/2020



Important Property Code References for Residents

As a City of Marquette property owner, we ask that you keep this document for your reference, and please read it so that you are familiar with the most relevant codes that are in place to ensure that our community remains an excellent place to live, learn, work, and enjoy life. The codes referenced below serve many important purposes - including the promotion of public health, safety, and protection of property values — and they are supported by a year-round enforcement program. See the back side for answers to typical code questions that we receive.

Homeowners are responsible for securing required zoning and building permits for many exterior and interior renovations and construction, including fences and walls, driveways, sheds, and enclosures for animals (chickens, rabbits, beehives). Many commercial property renovations require site plans to be approved. Please inquire with us if in doubt!

Please first call 906-225-0425 for Zoning Compliance inquiries/permits, and our staff will assist you in determining your permit needs. Building permits are issued by Marquette County Building Codes (phone # 906-225-8180).

Building done without relevant permits is a violation of codes and will require corrective action.

- Motor Vehicle Parking is not permitted in the front area except on a driveway (hard surface) or in a garage. The front area is the space between the edge of the street and the nearest point of the dwelling, parallel to the street. Per section 54.902(E)(1)(a)(d) of the Land Development Code.
- Residential Limited Animal Keeping is permitted upon application for a non-transferable Residential Limited Animal Keeping Permit approved by the Zoning Administrator and, upon approval, is intended to be for the benefit of the occupants of the dwelling on-site, and not for commercial use. Residential limited animal keeping is permitted in the Low Density Residential and Medium Density Residential districts only. Per section 54.639 (1) of the Land Development Code.
- Garbage Control. All yards, alleys, streets, vacant lots, or other spaces in the City shall be kept free from rubbish, special materials, and garbage, unless the same is contained in covered containers. All garbage and rubbish to be picked up must be in such containers as required by City Commission action. All containers shall be tightly closed at all times, and all approved garbage bags shall be properly tied. Plastic bags shall not exceed thirty (30) pounds. The property owner is responsible for damage to containers resulting from dogs, cats, rodents, etc. Per section 38-24 of the City's Garbage and Rubbish Ordinance.
- Indoor furniture not allowed for continuous outdoor use. Household furniture that has been designed for interior use shall not be placed on the exterior premises and/or open porches for a period exceeding 12 hours. Per section 10-41 of the City's Property Maintenance Code.



- Junk and Accumulated Materials. It shall be unlawful for any person to accumulate or permit the accumulation on any yard, alley, vacant lot or other spaces in the City of any lumber, boxes, barrels, bricks, stone, scrap metal, motor vehicle bodies or parts, or similar materials, or rubbish or any articles or junk, except as may be necessary and incidental to construction work or the normal course of a business or trade. Per section 22-33 of the City's Nuisance Ordinance.
- **Grass and Weeds**. No person shall fail to keep cut any grass or weed which exceeds a height of six (6) inches, is located on public property, private property, or adjacent right-of-way, and is within fifty (50) feet of a structure or public right-of-way. Per section 22-102 of the City's Noxious Weeds Ordinance (a tenant may be responsible, per lease).

Question and Answer:

Q: My fence is falling apart, and I want to rebuild it in the same place it has been for decades, just like it is built now. Why do I need a permit to do that?

A: The fence may have been erected before permits were required and may be partially in the right-of-way or on a neighbor's property. It may also be constructed in a way that does not comply with the current standards. You may replace damaged portions of a fence without a permit, but reconstruction requires verifying that the location and construction are in harmony with the Land Development Code standards for fences in your zoning district, and you must submit a permit application for reconstruction.

Q: My siding and roof need replacement; does that require a permit?

A: No. If you are not altering the building structurally (the structural members will not be altered) you do not need a permit to replace cladding or shingles/roofing materials.

Q: My deck needs some repairs, consisting of a few new planks, new treads on the steps, and replacement of balusters where there are handrails. Does this require a permit?

A: Not if it is a ground-level deck and no structural alterations are being made. If it is on a second-story floor or above it may require a permit from County Building Codes for the baluster replacement, and if it does you will need to get an approved Zoning Compliance Permit prior to eligibility to receive a Building Permit.

Q: I want to expand my concrete driveway a little, just enough to be able to park another car alongside in my front yard. Do I have to get a permit for that?

A: Yes. You need a Zoning Compliance Permit to construct additional hard-surface parking anywhere on your property. Gravel parking also requires a permit and must meet new standards for construction. You will also need a permit from our Engineering office if paving work is to be done in the right-of-way. New driveways must also be separated by ≤ 12 in. from adjacent property.

Thank you for taking the time to read this. Call 225-0425 if you have questions.

Chapter 26 - FIRE PREVENTION AND PROTECTION¹¹



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State Law reference— State fire prevention code, MCL 29.1 et seq.; explosives act, MCL 29.41 et seq.; arson and burning, MCL 750.71 et seq.; crimes related to fires, MCL 750.240 et seq.; crimes related to explosives and bombs, MCL 750.200 et seq.

ARTICLE I. - IN GENERAL

Secs. 26-1—26-18. - Reserved.

ARTICLE II. - LIFE SAFETY CODE

Sec. 26-19. - Adoption by reference.

The city hereby adopts by reference, for the purpose of prescribing regulations governing conditions hazardous to life and property for fire or explosion, the National Fire Protection Association (N.F.P.A.) No. 101 Life Safety Code, 1997 edition.

(Code 1999, § 43.01)

State Law reference— Authority to adopt technical codes by reference, MCL 117.3(k).

Sec. 26-20. - Municipal civil infractions.

A person who violates the N.F.P.A. No. 101 Life Safety Code is responsible for a municipal civil infraction.

(Code 1999, § 43.02)

Secs. 26-21-26-43. - Reserved.

ARTICLE III. - RENTAL FIRE SAFETY CODE

Footnotes:

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Editor's note— Ord. No. 667, § 1, adopted May 29, 2018, repealed art. III in its entirety, and enacted new provisions to read as herein set out. Former art. III, §§ 26-44—26-52, pertained to similar subject matter, and derived from the 1999 Code, §§ 42.01—42.09; and Ord. No. 521, adopted Aug. 9, 2004.

Sec. 26-44. - Purpose.

The city recognizes a compelling interest in establishing standards for the maintenance of sanitary and safe residential rental structures, and for improving rental arrangements within the city. Such standards are an important factor supportive of the general health, safety, and welfare of all its citizens

and visitors. This article is designed to promote the continuing maintenance of quality and safe rental properties, and to enhance and maintain property values.

(Ord. No. 667, § 1, 5-29-2018)

Sec. 26-45. - Scope.

- (a) This article shall apply to any structure or part thereof, which is let for occupancy by persons pursuant to any oral or written rental or lease agreement or other valuable compensation; or to any occupant therein. Such structures shall include, but not be limited to, single-family dwellings, multiple-family dwellings, single housekeeping units or bedrooms as defined in the International Property Maintenance Code (IPMC) in its most recent version adopted by the city.
- (b) This article does not apply to jails, nursing homes, school dormitories, hospitals or other health care facilities provided by legal not-for-profit agencies that are inspected, certified and/or licensed by the state, nor federally licensed and inspected properties.
- (c) This article shall be governed by the NFPA No. 101 Life Safety Code and documents adopted by chapter 2, with all amendments thereto, the NFPA No. 1 Fire Code and documents adopted by chapter 2, with all amendments thereto and the IPMC, in their most recent versions adopted by the city, including definitions of applicable terms. The fire department will purchase copies of these three codes in their most recent versions, and place them in the Peter White Library for public use.

(Ord. No. 667, § 1, 5-29-2018)

Sec. 26-46. - Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Bedroom means any room or space used or intended to be used for sleeping purposes.

Certificate of compliance means a certificate issued by a city rental inspector denoting that the structure has undergone a fire/life safety inspection performed by a city rental inspector and the structure is in compliance with applicable codes.

Certificate of compliance stipulation means a condition or requirement that is specified or required by any city department that must be adhered to by the property owner to maintain the certificate of compliance.

Certificate of registration means a certificate issued by city rental inspectors, which denotes that the holder has registered the structure as a rental property within the city.

Dwelling unit means a single unit providing complete, independent living facilities for one or more persons, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation.

Family means a) any group of individuals living together as a single housekeeping unit or the functional equivalent of a family, where the residents are a close group with social, economic, and psychological commitments to each other; b) not more than four unrelated persons living together as a single housekeeping unit; c) the tenants of a short-term rental property for which a valid permit has been issued by the fire department; d) the "functional equivalent of a family" shall not include any organization such as a club, fraternity, lodge, monastery, or intentional community, nor any individuals whose association is seasonal or for limited durations defined by their occupation/jobs or educational pursuits, nor shall it include a group who share a dwelling unit explicitly for financial or philosophical reasons, or include any state-licensed facility except to the extent permitted by law.

Habitable space means space in a structure for living, sleeping, eating or cooking. Bathrooms, toilet rooms, closets, halls, storage or utility spaces, and similar areas are not considered habitable spaces.

Homestay. An owner occupied single-family home, dwelling unit in a duplex or multifamily dwelling structure, or any other dwelling unit, in which as many as three single bedrooms [with] bathroom access for overnight accommodations may be rented for periods as short as one overnight stay. Meals are not provided with rental, but kitchen and/or dining facilities may be available for guests to prepare their own meals. Only properties that have received approval of a rental registration application are recognized as a homestay for purposes of complying with City of Marquette ordinances.

Let for occupancy or let means to permit, provide or offer possession or occupancy of a dwelling, dwelling unit, rooming unit, building, premises or structure by a person who is or is not the legal owner of record thereof, pursuant to a written or unwritten lease, agreement or license, or oral or pursuant to a recorded or unrecorded agreement of contract for the sale of land.

Longterm rental means a residential rental structure which may be rented for periods of 30 days or more.

Occupancy means the purpose for which a building or portion thereof is utilized or occupied.

Occupant means any individual living or sleeping in a building or having possession of a space within a building.

Operator means any duly authorized person who has charge, care or control of a structure or premises which is let or offered for occupancy. Owners must officially notify the city of any operator authorized to act on his behalf; as required in section 26-47(6), some owners are required to use an operator. In some situations, the owner could also be the operator.

Owner means any person having a legal or equitable interest in the property; or recorded in the official records of the state, county or municipality as holding title to the property; or otherwise having control of the property, including the guardian of the estate of any such person, and the executor or administrator of the estate of such person if ordered to take possession of real property by a court.

Posting. Certificates of registration and compliance shall be permanently affixed to an interior wall, in a conspicuous and readable place; completely protected from the elements; and with a transparent protective cover. Certificates must be posted in a street side (address side) common entryway, except if there is no street side common entryway, then in the main common entryway, or in the case of separate private entrances, then in each private entrance to meet this requirement.

Rental inspector means the fire department personnel appointed by the fire chief, who are charged with the administration and enforcement of this article, authorized by the fire chief under section 26-82.

Rental structure means an existing or new occupancy let to permit, provide or offer possession or occupancy of a dwelling, dwelling unit, rooming unit, building, premises or structure by a person who is or is not the legal owner of record thereof, pursuant to a written or unwritten lease, agreement or license, or pursuant to a recorded or unrecorded agreement of contract for the sale of land.

Revocation. A certificate of compliance, revoked for cause, will render the structure unfit for human habitation, upon the exhaustion of due process remedies. Certificates of compliance will be reinstated when a structure's condition is brought back into compliance with this article.

Right of entry. A fire inspector is authorized to enter the structure or premises at reasonable times to inspect, subject to constitutional restrictions on unreasonable searches and seizures. If entry is not obtained, the fire inspector is authorized to pursue administrative warrants or any other recourse as provided by law.

Short-term rental means a residential rental property for which a dwelling unit or rooms may be rented for overnight accommodations, for periods as short as one overnight stay. Meals are not provided with rental, but kitchen and/or dining facilities customarily are available for guests to prepare their own meals. Homestays and vacation home rentals, as defined in this chapter, are the two types of short-term rentals permitted in the City of Marquette.

Single housekeeping unit means one person or two or more individuals living together sharing household responsibilities and activities, which may include sharing expenses, chores, eating meals

together and participating in recreational activities and having close social, economic and psychological commitments to each other.

Structure means that which is built or constructed, or a portion thereof.

Vacation home rental. A single-family home, or a dwelling unit in a duplex or multi-family dwelling structure, or any other dwelling unit, in which up to four bedrooms are rented by a single lessee or renter for overnight accommodations, for periods as short as one overnight stay. Meals are not provided with rental, but kitchen and/or dining facilities are available for guests to prepare their own meals. The property owner may or may not live in the dwelling unit for part of the year, but the property owner may not live in the unit concurrently with any lessee. Only properties that have received approval of a rental registration application are recognized as a vacation home rental for purposes of complying with City of Marquette ordinances.

(Ord. No. 667, § 1, 5-29-2018)

Sec. 26-47. - Registration.

- (a) All dwelling units in rental structures are required to be registered pursuant to this article and shall comply with the following:
 - (1) All newly constructed rental structures and their dwelling units shall be registered prior to any use or occupancy as a rental structure.
 - (2) All existing non-rental structures which are legally converted to rental structures shall be registered, along with their dwelling units, prior to the date on which the property is first occupied for rental purposes.
 - (3) All existing rental structures, occupied by tenants, which are sold, transferred, or conveyed from the previous owner must be registered by the new owner within 30 days of the date of the sale/closing.
 - (4) The city treasurer or designee shall determine if the applicant owes to the city any taxes or other indebtedness, and if no such indebtedness exists, shall so indicate their findings in writing. A certificate of compliance shall not be issued for dwelling units in rental structures with outstanding indebtedness to the city.
 - (5) The city zoning official or designee shall determine if the application for the proposed rental use is in compliance with the zoning ordinance and shall indicate their findings in writing. A certificate of registration shall not be issued for rental structures and dwelling units if the application for the proposed rental use is not in compliance with the zoning ordinance.
 - (6) A local operator for every rental unit is required if the owner(s) (at least one of multiple individuals) does not reside in the county. A local operator is also required when the owner is a corporation or other legal entity. The owner is required to notify the city of the identity of the person they have designated to be their operator (and alternate operators where that is so desired).
 - (7) No owner or operator shall lease or rent a rental dwelling unit, unless there is a valid certificate of registration in the name of the owner. If tenants are utilizing the dwelling unit, the fire chief is authorized to require vacation of the dwelling unit.

(Ord. No. 667, § 1, 5-29-2018)

Sec. 26-48. - Registration forms.

- (a) An application for a certificate of registration shall be made in such form and in accordance with such instructions as may be provided by the rental inspectors designated by the city and shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
 - (1) Rental property information containing the following:
 - Rental property address.
 - b. Tax parcel ID number.
 - c. Actual or estimated year the property became a rental.
 - d. Number of dwelling units contained within.
 - (2) Owner information containing the following for each owner:
 - Owner name (if the owner is a corporation, the name of an authorized representative).
 - b. Owner address.
 - c. Home or cell phone.
 - d. Work/business phone.
 - e. Signature of the owner or authorized representative.
 - f. Date.
 - g. Email address.
 - (3) Local operator information (when utilized by owners) containing the following:
 - a. Local operator's name.
 - b. Address.
 - c. Home or cell phone.
 - d. Work/business phone.
 - e. Signature of the operator.
 - f. Date.
 - q. Email address.
 - (4) Required attachments, including the following:
 - a. A photocopy of the owner's current government issued identification, with a legible birth date, or, in the case of corporate ownership, a photocopy of the current government issued identification of the authorizing officer, with a legible birth date.
 - b. A photocopy of the local operator's current government issued identification with a legible birth date.
- (b) The application shall not be considered complete and shall not be processed until all required information is received.
- (c) It shall be the responsibility of the owner to advise the fire department in writing of any changes to their address, phone number, email address, or similar changes concerning their local operator. Notification of changes must be made within 30 days.
- (d) After registration, the fire department shall schedule a compliance inspection within three years of the registration. Compliance inspection shall be scheduled in a reasonable manner with respect to the fire inspector and the owner's or operator's schedule.

- (a) A rental inspector shall inspect rental structures on a periodic basis of once every three years; upon completion of the registration and receipt of the fee, a rental inspector shall schedule a compliance inspection within three years of the registration. Efforts shall be made to schedule each compliance inspection at a reasonable time with respect to the fire inspector and the owner and/or operator.
- (b) Non-periodic inspections, specified in subsections (b)(1) through (4) of this section, will be scheduled as soon as practicable by the fire department:
 - (1) Upon receipt of a complaint from an owner, operator, occupant or citizen who would have occasion to be aware that the premises are in violation of this article. If a rental inspector determines that a complaint was filed without a factual basis and such inspection is made on a complaint basis, a municipal civil infraction shall be charged to the complainant.
 - (2) Upon receipt of a report or a referral from the police department, fire department, community development department, public or private school or other public agency.
 - (3) Upon receipt of knowledge that a rental unit is not registered with the city as required by this article.
 - (4) Upon evidence of an existing property maintenance code violation observed by or brought to the attention of a rental inspector.
- (c) Rental inspectors are empowered to enter at any/all reasonable times upon and into any premises, building or structure for, examining and inspecting the same (see section 26-82).
- (d) Upon satisfactory completion of the compliance inspection, and upon receipt of the fee, a rental inspector will issue a certificate of compliance.
- (e) If a dwelling unit should fail the regular inspection, a subsequent re-inspection will be required.
 - (1) With a failure of the regular inspection, the rental inspector will establish clear requirements of what steps must be undertaken by the owner or operator, and in what timeframe to (first) schedule the reinspection, and (second) permit issuing a certificate of compliance when those requirements have been met.
 - (2) The rental inspector must indicate whether the conditions are such that the rental dwelling unit must be vacated, or whether steps to bring the unit up to code may continue while the unit continues to be rented by tenants.
- (f) If a dwelling unit is required to undergo a non-regular inspection pursuant to any of the items under subsection (b) of this section, the inspection will be based on the same criteria as the regular inspections, and failure to pass will lead to a rental inspector nullifying the previous certificate of compliance. A rental inspector will also establish clear requirements of what must be undertaken by the owner or operator, and in what timeframe, to schedule a re-inspection, and where warranted to re-issue the certificate of compliance. Further, a rental inspector must indicate whether the conditions are such that the rental unit must be vacated, or whether steps to bring the unit up to code may continue while the unit continues to be rented by tenants.
 - (1) If the rental unit that undergoes a non-regular inspection passes the inspection, there will be no fee for this inspection.
 - (2) If the rental unit that undergoes a non-regular inspection fails to pass the inspection, there will be a fee for the non-regular inspection, as well as a fee for the reinspection required to establish compliance with this article.
 - (3) If alterations are made to a rental structure after certification, a new inspection and subsequent certification will be required. There will be a fee for this new inspection.
- (g) Violations of this article, the remedies, and stated deadlines shall be mailed by first class mail to the owner or the operator within seven business days after the inspection. The notice of violation shall state the right of appeal and the instructions for making such an appeal.

- (h) Rental registration fees are required to be paid at the time of application. Registration fee payment shall be paid at or mailed to: The Marquette Fire Department, 418 S. Third St. Marquette, MI 49855. Attention Rental Program. Checks shall be made payable to the City of Marquette. Cash will be accepted, but must be the exact amount and is discouraged.
- (i) The City of Marquette Finance Department will mail out all compliance inspection related billing and receive the payment of inspection related fees. The invoice for the compliance inspection shall be mailed to the property owner or the designated property management company after the completion of the inspection.

(Ord. No. 667, § 1, 5-29-2018)

Sec. 26-50. - Certificate of compliance required.

- (a) A rental inspector must inspect rental premises before the certificate of compliance is initially issued. Upon failure of the rental inspector to conduct an inspection, after registration and prior to occupancy, the owner or operator may rent a long-term rental property until a rental inspector has conducted an inspection, and the owner or operator will not be deemed in violation during that time. If, however, the rental inspector's inability to inspect the premises is due to the owner's or operator's action, failure to act, or inability to arrange an inspection after reasonable notice of the intent to inspect, the owner or operator shall not rent the property without a current certificate of compliance as required. If tenants are utilizing the dwelling unit, the fire chief is authorized to require vacation of the dwelling unit.
- (b) Before the expiration date of the certificate of compliance, the city will arrange with the owner or operator for an inspection date and time and said notice shall be by either email or first-class mail to the address as provided by the owner and/or operator.
- (c) The rental inspector shall attempt to inspect the premises before the certificate of compliance expires. Upon failure of the rental inspector to conduct an inspection prior to expiration of the certificate of compliance, the owner or operator may rent the property until the rental inspector has conducted an inspection, and the owner or operator will not be deemed in violation during that time. If, however, the rental inspector's inability to inspect is due to the owner's or operator's action, failure to act, or refusal to permit an inspection after reasonable notice of the intent to inspect, the owner or operator shall not rent the property without a current certificate of compliance as required. If tenants are utilizing the dwelling unit, the fire chief is authorized to require vacation of the dwelling unit. A certificate of compliance shall expire three years from the date of issuance.

(Ord. No. 667, § 1, 5-29-2018)

Sec. 26-51. - Additional—Short-term rental specifics.

- (a) No more than 250 approved short-term rental registrations will be issued at one time in the City of Marquette. Properties may not advertise for or be used as short-term rentals without first receiving a registration certificate and receiving a certificate of compliance from the City of Marquette.
- (b) No owner or operator shall advertise, lease or rent a short-term rental dwelling unit, unless there is a valid certificate of compliance issued by a rental inspector in the name of the owner. If tenants are utilizing the dwelling unit, the fire chief is authorized to require vacation of the dwelling unit. The certificate shall be issued after registration and inspection by a rental inspector to determine that each rental dwelling unit complies with the provisions of the codes of the city.
- (c) Advertising a property as a residential short-term rental shall constitute prima facie evidence of the operation of a residential rental and, if in violation of city code, may be grounds for citation, and/or denial, suspension, or revocation of a certificate of compliance. Advertised occupant capacity shall constitute prima facie evidence of the operation of a residential rental at that capacity and, if in violation of city code, may be grounds forcitation for an overcapacity violation, and/or denial,

suspension, or revocation of a certificate of compliance. The burden of proof shall be on the owner, operator, or lessee of record to establish that the subject property is being used as a legal residential rental or is not in operation.

- (d) Escape plan.
 - (1) It shall be the responsibility of the property owner to create a legible escape plan showing primary and secondary exits. All escape plans shall be approved by the rental inspector at the time of the compliance inspection.
 - (2) The plan shall be posted in each bedroom of the short-term rental unit, where it is easily visible.
- (e) A maximum occupant capacity for the property shall be calculated at the time of the compliance inspection, using the method detailed in Section 404.4 of the IPMC and shall be listed on the certificate of compliance.

(Ord. No. 667, § 1, 5-29-2018)

Sec. 26-52. - Penalty.

- (a) In the event the owner or operator does not correct a violation of any provision of this article, or fails to comply with certificate of compliance stipulations, a rental inspector may revoke any existing certificate of compliance and may bring an action to seek the enforcement of this article by an appropriate legal remedy. Any structure not in compliance with this article is deemed a nuisance per se. Fees and fines will be set forth in the city fee schedule as established by resolution of the city commission.
- (b) Any owner of a rental dwelling unit who fails to register or who fails to obtain a certificate of compliance for each rental dwelling unit shall be responsible for a municipal civil infraction. Any owner or operator who fails to comply with any of the other parts of this article shall be responsible for a municipal civil infraction.
- (c) An owner or operator may be charged with more than one violation of the provisions of this article in a single complaint or municipal civil infraction provided each violation so charged, relates to the same property.
- (d) A violation of any provision of this article shall be a municipal civil infraction, assessed against the owner or operator of the rental structure. Each day that a violation exists shall be considered a separate punishable offense. Repeat violations, failure to repair or eliminate imminently dangerous or life-threatening situations may be cited as misdemeanors.

(Ord. No. 667, § 1, 5-29-2018)

Sec. 26-53. - Appeal.

(a) Procedure. Any owner or operator affected by any notice of violation which has been issued under this article may request and shall be granted a hearing on the matter before the city board of zoning appeals acting as a city rental code appeal board. The affected person shall file a written appeal to the office of the fire department requesting the hearing. The appeal shall include the name, address and phone number of the appellant and a brief statement of the grounds for the hearing. An application for appeal shall be accompanied by a fee as set forth in the city fee schedule to cover the city's cost of handling said appeal. The appeal shall be filed within 21 days after the day the notice of violation is served. Failure to file the written notice of appeal within the 21-day period shall be deemed a waiver of the person's right to a hearing or to otherwise contest the notice of the violation. Upon timely receipt of an appeal, the fire department shall set a time for a hearing before the city board of zoning appeals acting as the city rental code appeals board and shall give the appellant written notice of the date, time and location for the hearing.

- (b) Hearings. Hearings shall be commenced within a reasonable time after an appeal has been filed. At such hearings, the appellant shall be given an opportunity to be heard and to show cause why the notice of violation should be modified or withdrawn. A fire inspector shall be given opportunity to provide information relative to and supportive of charging the violation.
- (c) Decisions and powers of city board of zoning appeals acting as rental code appeal board.
 - After a hearing, the city board of zoning appeals, acting as a rental code appeal board, may sustain, modify, or withdraw the notice of violation depending upon its findings. In rendering these determinations, the powers of the board of zoning appeals, acting as a rental code appeal board, shall be strictly limited to making interpretation of the provisions of this article, to the applicability of its specific provisions to the specific case being heard, and to granting exemptions to the provisions of this article. In granting exemptions, the board shall be allowed to grant an exemption if it clearly appears, (by reason of special condition) undue hardship would result from strict application of any section of this article. However, no exemption shall be granted if the same would result in either the purpose or intent of this article, or of any sections at issue, being nullified. In reviewing a request for an exemption, the board should consider the following to determine whether an exemption would be appropriate:
 - Whether there are exceptional or extraordinary conditions applying to the property that do not apply to other similar properties;
 - b. Whether the exceptional or extraordinary conditions resulted from the action of the property owner;
 - Whether there exist alternative or equivalent methods or materials that would allow the purpose and intent of the section at issue to be satisfied;
 - d. Whether the granting of an exemption would result in a substantial detriment to the property; and
 - e. Whether the exemption requested is the minimum exemption possible that would still allow the purpose and intent of the section at issue to be met.
 - (2) The board may permit an exemption from mandatory provisions in such a manner that the public safety shall be secured, substantial justice done and the spirit and intent of the provisions of this article are upheld. In no case, shall the board grant an exemption which would lessen the safety, health, and welfare requirements of this article. Any exemption granted shall be for this article and shall not and cannot waive the requirements and provisions of any other ordinance or law. All decisions rendered under this article shall be in writing and shall be final. A copy of the decision shall be mailed to the appellant at the address shown on the appeal.
 - (3) The failure of the appellant or his representative to appear and state his case at the hearing shall have the same effect as if no appeal was filed and the board shall proceed to deny the appeal and affirm the notice of violation.
- (d) Meetings. The city board of zoning appeals, acting as a rental code appeal board, shall meet in a fixed place and all meetings shall be open to the public. The board shall keep a record of its proceedings, showing the actions of the board and the vote of each member upon each question considered. These records shall be considered public records.
- (e) Appeal of board decision. The decision of the city board of zoning appeals, acting as a rental code appeal board, shall be final. However, a party aggrieved by the order or decision may appeal the decision to a court of competent jurisdiction as provided by state statutes and court rule.

(Ord. No. 667, § 1, 5-29-2018)

Secs. 26-54—26-77. - Reserved.

ARTICLE IV. - FIRE AND EXPLOSIVES

Sec. 26-78. - False alarm.

No person shall willfully turn in, sound or cause to be communicated to the fire department a false alarm of fire.

(Code 1999, § 41.01)

State Law reference— False fire alarms, MCL 750.240.

Sec. 26-79. - Injury to fire equipment.

No person shall willfully molest, take for his own private use, or damage in any manner any firefighting equipment or apparatus or anything pertaining to the firefighting system, or drive any vehicle upon or against any hose or equipment of the fire department.

(Code 1999, § 41.02)

State Law reference— Malicious mischief generally, MCL 750.377a et seq.

Sec. 26-80. - Fire hydrants—Obstruction.

No person shall place any obstruction whatever, nor shall any person responsible for such obstruction permit it to remain, within 15 feet of any fire hydrant.

(Code 1999, § 41.03)

Sec. 26-81. - Same—Openings.

No person, except members of the fire department or city municipal utility departments, shall use any fire hydrant except in case of emergency without first securing permission from the city municipal utility departments for such use; and paying or agreeing to pay for the water to be used. In no case shall any wrench or tool be used on any fire hydrant other than a regulation fire department hydrant wrench.

(Code 1999, § 41.04)

Sec. 26-82. - Fire inspection.

The fire chief is hereby empowered to enter at any and all reasonable times upon and into any premises, building or structure, for the purpose of examining and inspecting the same, to ascertain the conditions thereof with regard to fire hazards and the condition, size, arrangement and efficiency of any and all appliances for firefighting. If such inspection shall disclose any fire hazard or any deficiency in firefighting appliances, the fire chief shall order the condition remedied. The fire chief is hereby empowered to appoint members of the regular personnel of the fire department to make the inspection herein provided, who shall report in writing the results of the inspection to the fire chief and who are hereby empowered to make such written orders for the correction of any hazard or deficiency in firefighting appliances as the fire chief is authorized to make. Every order made by the fire chief or by authorized members of the fire department shall be promptly obeyed and complied with.

(Code 1999, § 41.05)

Sec. 26-83. - Waste receptacles and storage.

No person owning or being responsible for any premises shall permit any wastepaper, ashes, oil, rags, waste rags, excelsior or any material of a similar nature to accumulate thereon, unless contained in fireproof receptacles.

(Code 1999, § 41.06)

Sec. 26-84. - Fire exits.

Fire exits from buildings shall conform to the requirements of the N.F.P.A. No. 101 Life Safety Code which is adopted by reference in section 26-19.

(Code 1999, § 41.07)

Sec. 26-85. - Starting fires by smoking.

It shall be unlawful for any person, in smoking or attempting to light or to smoke a cigarette, cigar or pipe, to set fire to any bed, bedding, furniture, curtains or draperies in any hotel, lodginghouse or tourist home in the city.

(Code 1999, § 41.09)

Sec. 26-86. - Blasting.

No person shall blast or carry on any blasting operation without first having a site inspection by the fire inspector and having obtained a written permit from the city manager. Before any such permit is issued, the applicant therefor shall file with the city clerk a bond or policy of insurance in the amount specified by the city manager, which amount shall be reasonably commensurate with the risk of damage to property and injury or death to persons arising out of the proposed blasting operation. Such policy of insurance shall indemnify the applicant and such bond shall be conditioned upon payment by the applicant of all sums which the applicant shall become obligated to pay by reason of the liability imposed upon him by law, for damages because of bodily injury, including death at any time resulting therefrom, or for damage to property, or both, sustained by any person and arising out of the blasting operation.

(Code 1999, § 41.10)

Sec. 26-87. - Outdoor furnaces.

(a) Definitions. The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this section, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this subsection, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Outdoor furnace means, but is not limited to, any device, apparatus or structure that:

- (1) Is designed, intended or used to provide heat and/or hot water to any residence or structure;
- (2) Is designed, intended or used to provide radiant heat;
- (3) Operates by burning wood, wood products, or other solid fuel such as, but not limited to, coal, paper or agricultural products; and
- (4) Is not located within the residence or structure for which it is providing heat and/or hot water.
- (b) *Prohibition.* It shall be unlawful to install or operate an outdoor furnace, or to cause or permit the installation or operation of an outdoor furnace, within the city.

- (c) Conflicts. This section shall not be construed as an exemption or exception to any other provision of this article. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this section and any other ordinance or other provision of law, the more restrictive provision shall apply.
- (d) Existing uses. This section shall not apply to any outdoor furnace that was installed, connected and operating as of February 23, 2006. However, this section shall not be deemed as specific authorization for the use of any preexisting outdoor furnace and shall not be deemed to bar, limit, or otherwise affect the rights of any person to take private legal action regarding damage or nuisance caused by the use of an outdoor furnace.
- (e) Declaration of nuisance. Any outdoor furnace operated in violation of this section is hereby declared to be a nuisance per se.
- (f) Penalty. Whoever violates any provision of this section is responsible for a municipal civil infraction, and shall be subject to the payment of a civil fine. Each day that a violation exists or continues shall constitute a separate and additional violation.

(Code 1999, § 41.11)

Sec. 26-88. - Fireworks.

- (a) Purpose. An ordinance to provide for the regulation of the ignition, discharge and use of consumer fireworks, as allowed under the Michigan Fireworks Safety Act, MCL 28.451 et seq., as amended.
- (b) Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms shall be defined as follows:

APA Standard 87-1 means 2001 APA Standard 87-1, Standard for Construction and Approval for Transportation of Fireworks, Novelties, and Theatrical Pyrotechnics, published by the American Pyrotechnics Association of Bethesda, Maryland.

Consumer fireworks means fireworks devices that are designed to produce visible effects by combustion, that are required to comply with the construction, chemical composition, and labeling regulations promulgated by the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission under 16 CFR Parts 1500 and 1507, and that are listed in APA Standard 87-1, 3.1.2, 3.1.3, or 3.5. Consumer fireworks does not include low-impact fireworks.

Fireworks means any composition or device, except for a starting pistol, a flare gun, or a flare, designed for the purpose of producing a visible or audible effect by combustion, deflagration, or detonation. Fireworks consist of consumer fireworks, low-impact fireworks, articles pyrotechnic, display fireworks, and special effects.

Low-impact fireworks means ground and handheld sparkling devices as that phrase is defined under APA Standard 87-1, 3.1, 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.8, and 3.5.

Minor means an individual who is less than 18 years of age.

- (c) Use of consumer fireworks prohibited.
 - (1) A person shall not ignite, discharge, or use consumer fireworks at any time other than permitted hours, as listed below:
 - a. December 31: From 11:00 a.m. until 11:59 p.m.
 - b. January 1: From midnight until 1:00 a.m.
 - c. The Saturday and Sunday immediately preceding Memorial Day: From 11 a.m. until 11:45 p.m. on each of those days.
 - d. June 29 to July 4: From 11:00 a.m. until 11:45 p.m. on each of those days.
 - e. July 5, if that date is a Friday or Saturday: From 11:00 a.m. until 11:45 p.m.

- f. The Saturday and Sunday immediately preceding Labor Day: From 11:00 a.m. until 11:45 p.m. on each of those days.
- (d) Safety. No person shall recklessly endanger the life, health, safety or well-being of any person by the ignition, discharge, or use of consumer fireworks.
- (e) Use of alcohol or controlled substances and fireworks prohibited. No person shall discharge, ignite or use fireworks while under the influence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance, consistent with the Michigan Fireworks Safety Act.
- (f) Possession of consumer fireworks by minor prohibited. A minor shall not possess consumer fireworks. Consumer fireworks shall not be sold to a minor. Age verification shall be made by checking a driver's license or another form of acceptable identification, pursuant to the Michigan Fireworks Safety Act.
- (g) Permissible locations. A person shall not ignite, discharge, or use consumer fireworks on public property, school property, church property, or the property of another person without express permission from that organization or person to use those fireworks on those premises at that time.
- (h) Determination of violation; seizure. If a police officer determines that a violation of this section has occurred, the officer may seize the consumer fireworks as evidence of the violation.
- (i) Violation and penalties.
 - (1) A violation of this section is a civil infraction punishable by a fine of \$1,000.00 for each violation. In accordance with MCL 28.457(3), \$500.00 of this fine will be remitted to the Marquette City Police Department for enforcement of this section.
 - (2) In addition to a civil infraction, fines and penalties stated within the Michigan Fireworks Safety Act may be imposed.
 - (3) Following final disposition of a finding of responsibility for violating this section, the city may dispose of or destroy any consumer fireworks retained as evidence in that prosecution.

(Ord. No. 643, § 1—7, 8-8-2016; Ord. No. 669, §§ 1, 2, 9-24-2018; Ord. No. 677, §§ 1, 2, 3-25-2019)

Sec. 26-89. - Open burning.

- (a) Purpose. The purpose of this section is to promote the public health, safety and welfare and to safeguard the health, comfort, living conditions, safety and welfare of the citizens of the City of Marquette by regulating the air pollution and fire hazards of outdoor burning.
- (b) Definitions.

Campfire means a small outdoor fire intended for recreation or cooking but not including a fire intended for disposal of waste wood or refuse.

Clean wood means natural wood which has not been painted, varnished or coated with a similar material; has not been pressure treated with preservatives; and does not contain resins or glues as in plywood or other composite wood products.

Fire chief means the chief of the Marquette City Fire Department or other person designated by the fire chief.

Fire inspector means the fire department personnel appointed by the fire chief, who are charged with the administration and enforcement of this article, authorized by the fire chief under section 26-82.

Open burning means kindling or maintaining a fire where the products of combustion are emitted directly into the ambient air without passing through a stack or a chimney. This includes burning in a burn barrel.

Patio wood-burning unit means a chimenea, patio warmer, or other portable wood-burning device.

Refuse means any waste material except trees, logs, brush, stumps, leaves, grass clippings, and other vegetative matter.

Sky lantern means an airborne lantern typically made of paper with a wood frame containing a candle, fuel cell composed of waxy flammable material, or other open flame which serves as a heat source to heat the air inside the lantern to cause it to lift into the air. Sky candles, fire balloons, airborne paper lanterns, and Chinese lanterns mean the same as sky lanterns.

- (c) Permitting and prohibitions.
 - (1) Open burning. Open burning is prohibited unless specifically permitted by this chapter. Permitted open burning shall be constantly attended and supervised by a competent person of at least 18 years of age until the fire is extinguished and is cold. The person shall have readily available for use such fire extinguishing equipment as may be necessary for the total control of the fire.
 - a. Open burning of refuse. Open burning of refuse is prohibited.
 - b. Burning trees, logs, brush, stumps, leaves, and grass clippings. Open burning of trees, logs, brush, stumps, leaves, and grass clippings is prohibited.
 - c. Patio wood-burning units. A patio wood-burning unit may be used in the City of Marquette only in accordance with all the following provisions:
 - 1. The patio wood-burning unit shall burn only clean wood.
 - 2. The patio wood-burning unit shall be located at least 25 feet from the nearest structure which is not on the same property as the patio wood-burning unit and at least 15 feet from any combustible material, wall, window, or door.
 - 3. The patio wood-burning unit shall not cause a nuisance to neighbors, as defined under section 22-19, environment.
 - (2) Fire suppression training. Structures and other materials may be burned for fire prevention training only in accordance with all the following provisions:
 - a. The burn must be exclusively for fire prevention training.
 - b. All asbestos must be removed prior to conducting the fire suppression training. If the structure is a residential dwelling, the owner may remove the asbestos or have it removed by a licensed abatement contractor. If it is a commercial building, all asbestos must be removed by a licensed abatement contractor.
 - c. A notification of the demolition must be submitted to the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality, Air Quality Division at least ten business days prior to burning a standing structure. The notification must be submitted using Form EQP 5661 "Notification of Intent to Renovate/Demolish."
 - d. All ash and demolished materials must be disposed of in an approved landfill or at an alternate location approved by the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality.
 - All fire suppression training should conform to the guidelines established by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard on Live Fire Training Evolutions (NFPA 1403).
 - (3) Burning permits. Open burning for religious, cultural, or traditional activities, including the use of sky lanterns, are allowed by permit in accordance with all the following provisions:
 - a. No person shall start or maintain any open burning covered under this section without a burning permit issued by the fire inspector.
 - b. When weather conditions warrant, the fire chief may suspend issuing burning permits and may suspend previously issued burning permits for open burning.

- c. A burning permit issued under this section shall require compliance with all applicable provisions of this section and any additional special restrictions deemed necessary to protect public health and safety.
- d. Any violation of the conditions of a burning permit shall be deemed a violation of this section. Any violation of this section or the burning permit shall void the permit.
- e. The fee for each burning permit shall be set in the city fee schedule.
- f. Sky lanterns must be tethered in a safe manner to prevent them from leaving the area and must be constantly attended until extinguished.
- (4) Right of entry and inspection. The fire chief or any authorized officer, agent, employee or representative of the City of Marquette who presents credentials may inspect any property for the purpose of ascertaining compliance with the provisions of this section.
- (d) Exceptions. This section applies to all open burning within the City of Marquette with the following exceptions:
 - (1) This section does not apply to grilling or cooking food using charcoal, wood, propane or natural gas in cooking or grilling appliances.
 - (2) This section does not apply to open burning for the purpose of generating heat in a stove, furnace, fireplace or other heating device within a building used for human or animal habitation.
 - (3) This section does not apply to the use of propane, acetylene, natural gas, gasoline or kerosene in a device intended for heating, construction or maintenance activities.
 - (4) This section does not apply to campfires within licensed campgrounds.
- (e) Enforcement and penalties. The fire chief or any authorized officer, agent, employee or representative of the City of Marquette is authorized to enforce the provisions of this section.

Any person, firm, association, partnership, corporation, or governmental entity who violates any of the provisions of this section or fails to comply with a duly authorized order issued pursuant to this section shall be responsible for a municipal civil infraction.

(Ord. No. 656, §§ 1—5, 6-26-2017)

Editor's note— Ord. No. 656, §§ 1—5, adopted June 26, 2017, enacted provisions designated as § 26-88. Inasmuch as section so numbered already exists, said provisions have been redesignated as § 26-89 at the discretion of the editor.